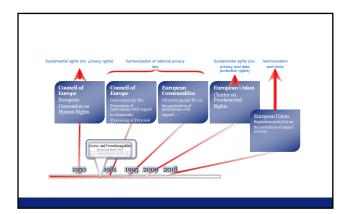


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(13) ...The proper functioning of the internal market requires that the free movement of personal data within the Union is not restricted or prohibited for reasons connected with the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data....

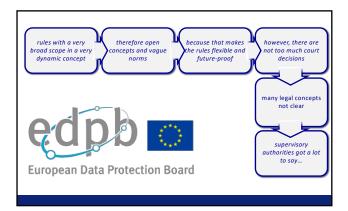
Article 16(2) TFEU

The European Parliament and the Council [..] shall lay down the rules relating to the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies, and by the Member States when carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Union law, and the rules relating to the free movement of such data. [...]



It's hard to make predictions. Especially about the future.

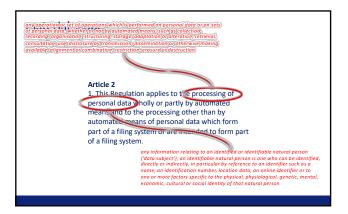






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SCOPE AND BASIC TERMINOLOGY

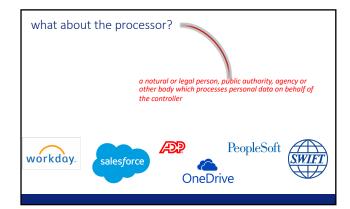


"a dynamic IP address registered by an online media services provider when a person accesses a website that the provider makes accessible to the public constitutes personal data within the meaning of that provision, in relation to that provider, where the latter has the legal means which enable it to identify the data subject with additional data which the internet service provider has about that person"

CJEU 19 October 2016

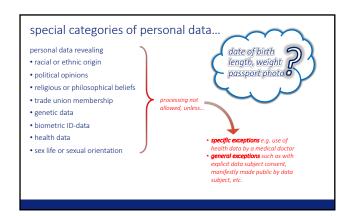
C-562/14 (Breyer)

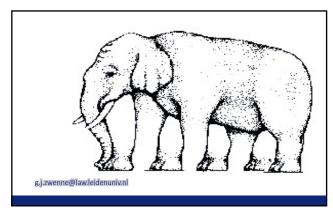




[T]he concrete application of the concepts of data controller and data processor is becoming increasingly complex. This is mostly due to the increasing complexity of the environment in which these concepts are used, and in particular due to a growing tendency, both in the private and in the public sector, towards organisational differentiation, in combination with the development of ICT and globalisation, in a way that may give rise to new and difficult issues and may sometimes result in a lower level of protection afforded to data subjects.

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