

# legal basis

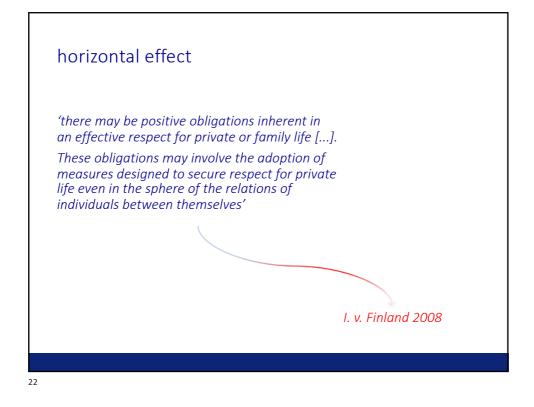
### Article 16(2) TFEU

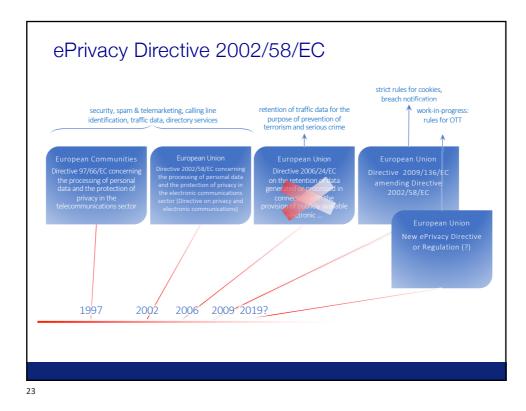
The European Parliament and the Council [..] shall lay down the rules relating to the protection of individuals with regard to the processing of personal data by Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies, and by the Member States when carrying out activities which fall within the scope of Union law, and the rules relating to the free movement of such data. [...]

### Article 114(1) TFEU

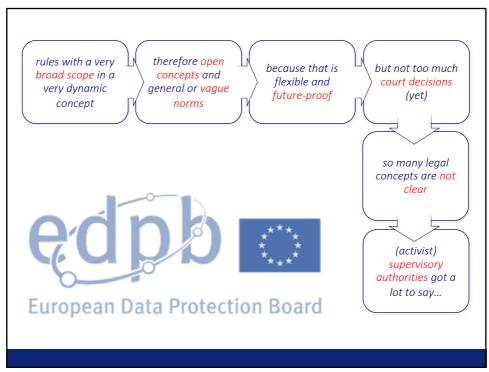
The European Parliament and the Council shall [..] adopt the measures for the approximation of the provisions laid down by law, regulation or administrative action in Member States which have as their object the establishment and functioning of the internal market.











#### interesting discussions... POLITICO = The official in charge of Europe's grouping of privacy regulators was also keen to play down any disagreements. There is "no difference in the positions" of different privacy regulators and the "Dutch case was a specific case," Andrea Jelinek said, while a spokesperson for the group, the European Data Protection Board, added: As European governments rushed to embrace "The legal concept of anonymization is not technology to fight the coronavirus, a an absolute concept." plainspoken Dutchman emerged as a thorn in their side. Aleid Wolfsen's message: Don't Europe's Data Protection Supervisor, who pretend your solutions are privacy-friendly. had OK'd the Commission's use of In a group that normally keeps disagreements telecoms data to track the coronavirus, quiet, Wolfsen stands out. A former politician and mayor of Utrecht who had no formal said: "There is a difference between the training in data protection when he took on his technical impossibility of doing something role in 2016, he has repeatedly been at odds to the very end, and something which we with other watchdogs, most of whom do not is political background. would call an effective anonymization."

QUESTIONS 1. When did the European Convention of Human Rights (ECHR) enter into force? 1946 Α. 1949 Β. 1953 C. SEMINAR I. AND II. 18 QUESTIONS D. 1966 Question 1a preparation assignment questions 2. And what article of that Convention deals with privacy and data protection? Α. Article 6 Β. Article 8 С. Article 10 Article 12 D. Question 1b preparation assignment questions

## **QUESTION** 3. Why did policymakers and lawmakers in

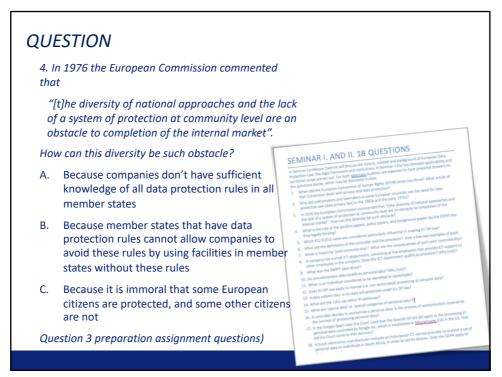
some European countries see the need for data protection law (data privacy law) in the 1960s and the early 1970s

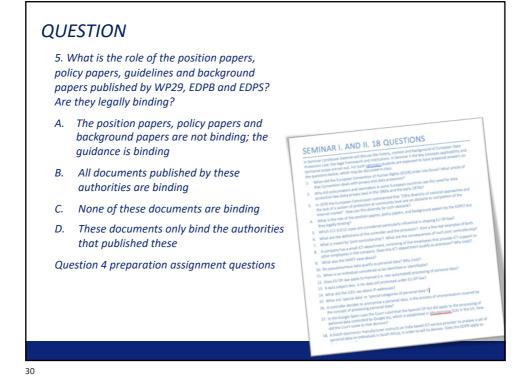
- A. Because, at that time the ARPANET, a precursor of the internet, was created and subsequently specific DP-law was needed
- B. Because, particularly government and multinationals started using computers for processing personal data and as a result new threats to privacy emerged
- C. Because of Alan F. Westin's influential books on Privacy and Freedom (1967) and Databanks in a Free Society (1972)

Question 2 preparation assignment questions

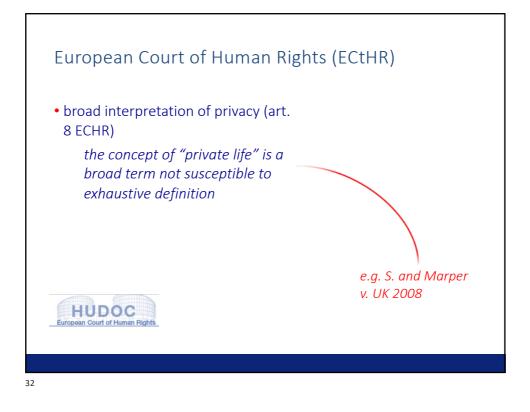
## SEMINAR I. AND II. 18 QUESTIONS

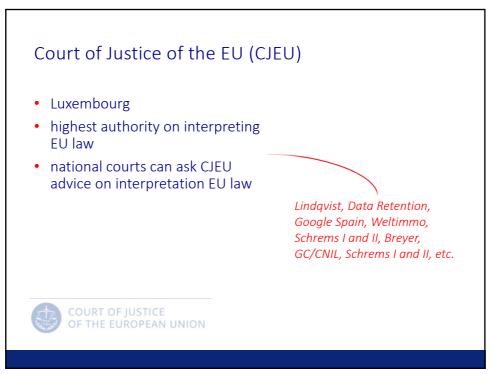
- section Law: the keps insert out. For both <u>\$5000005</u> students were a section to the section of the section of
- that Convention deas wors per an average of the source and countered of the source of
- In 1975 the European Commission community level are an output of the the lack of a system of protection as community level are an output of the lack of a system of protection as community level are an obstacle?
- 4. What is the role of the position papers, boots and the position papers, boots and the position papers, boots and the position particularly influential in shaping EU DP-law? they legally binding?
- Which ECI (CIEU) cases are controller and the processor? Voire a re-What are the definitions of the controller and the processor? What are the definitions of the controller ship? What are the consequences of such joint controllership?
- What is mean of years a small ICT department, consisting is investigation of the second structure of the second s
- What was the SWBT-case account of the second data? Why (not)?
  Do pseudonymous data qualify as personal data? Why (not)?
  Do pseudonymous data qualify as personal data? Why (not)?
  - ses EU DP-Iaw apply to manual (i.e. nor-duture duta subject dies. Is his data still protected under EU DP law?
- What did the CEU say about in-automatics of personal data?
  What are 'special data' or 'special categories of personal data. Is the process of anonymisation covered set what are 'special data' or 'special categories' of personal data.
- to controller decides to anonymise a period data?
  the concept of processing personal data?
  the concept of processing personal data?
  - In the locale water controlled by Google Inc., which are the second and the secon

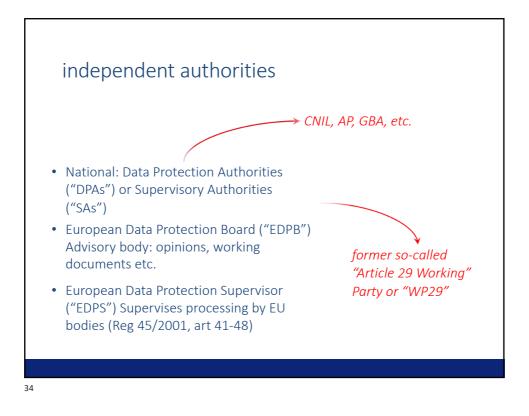


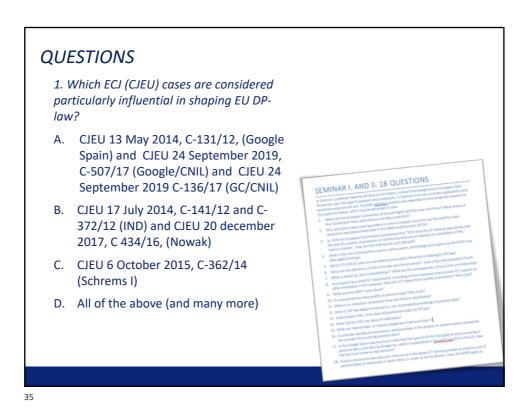








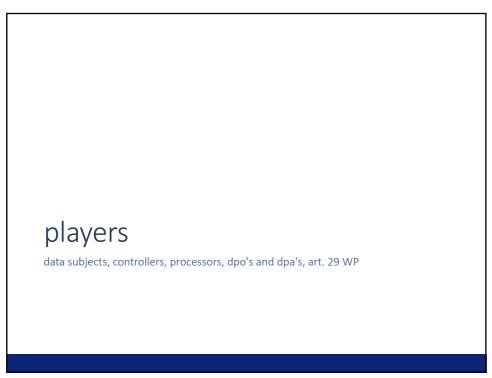


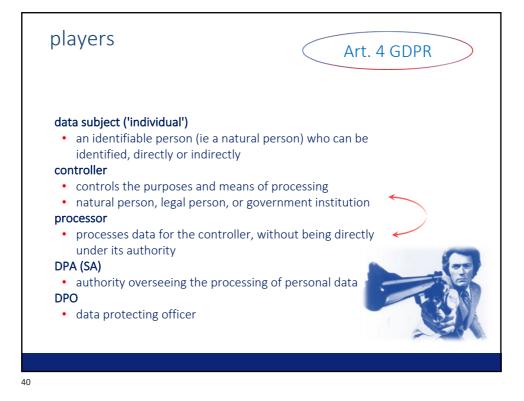


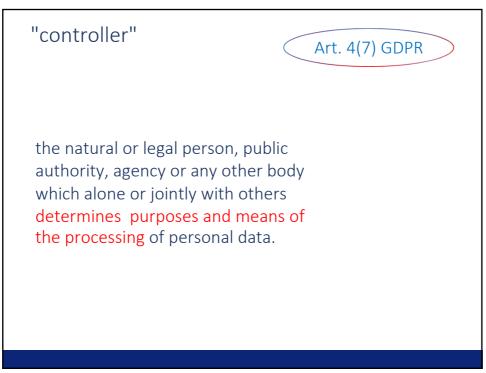


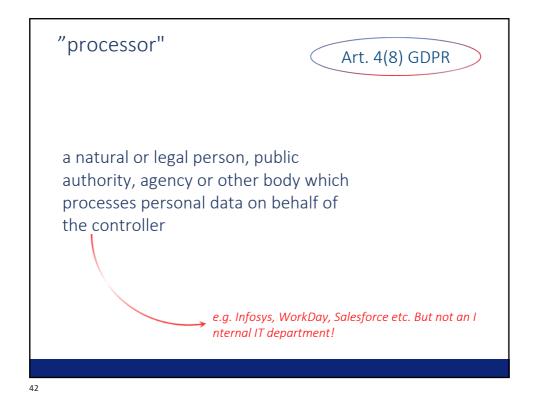


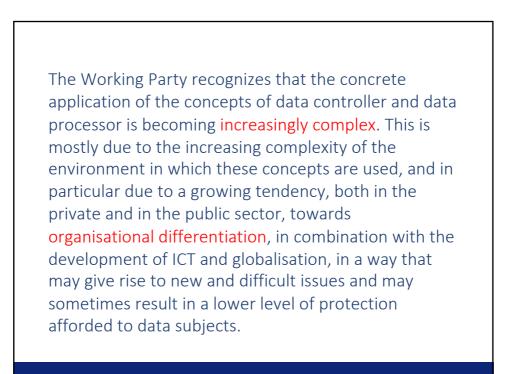


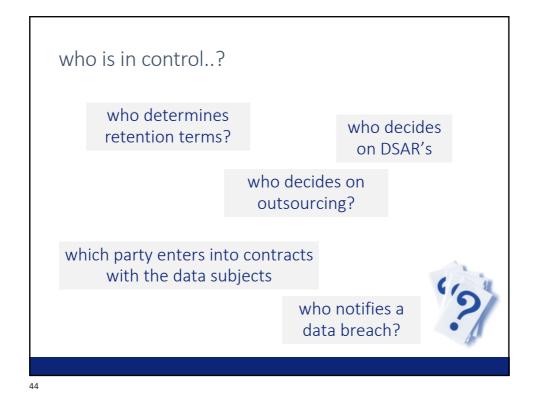




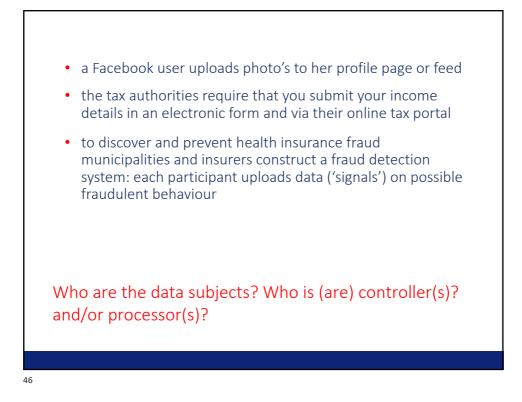


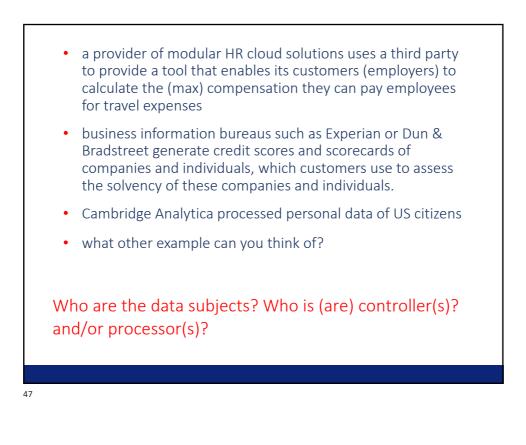


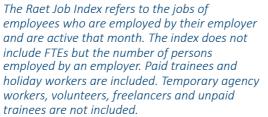












The figures are based on transactional data about the number of actually paid employees of Raet's customers. The figures are therefore not dependent on the accuracy and completeness of surveys or polls. The figures are based on more than 1 million employees and extrapolated to the size of the Dutch labour force.

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[translated with www.DeepL.com]

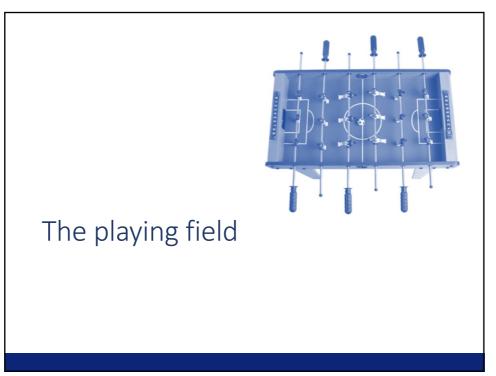


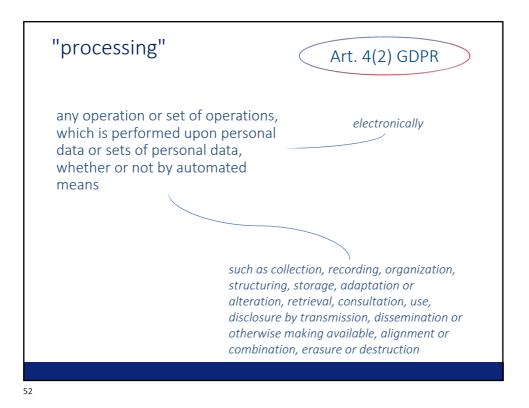
shows that the number of jobs of employees in the Netherlands increased in November 2016. The index stands at 101.0.

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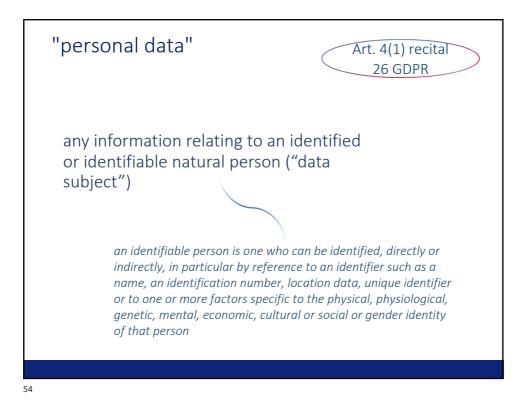
## QUESTIONS 2. What was the SWIFT-case about? A. About an enormous data breach at the EMEA-headquarters of car manufacturer Toyota. In essence, the case was about the territorial scope of EU DP-rules SEMINAR I. AND II. 18 QUESTIONS B. This was about unauthorised data processing by the Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication, as a result of which SWIFT was deemed to be processor, acting on behalf of the banks C. This was about unauthorised data processing by the Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication, as a result of which SWIFT was deemed to be controller for that processing Question 9 preparation assignment questions)

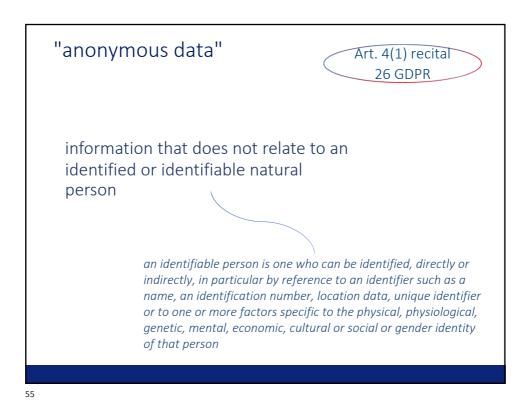
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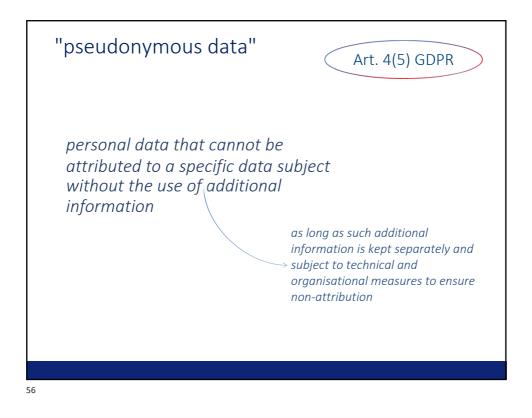


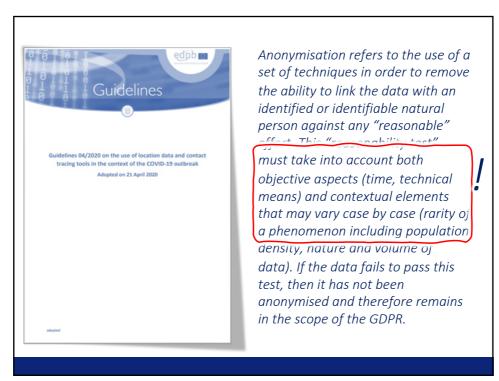


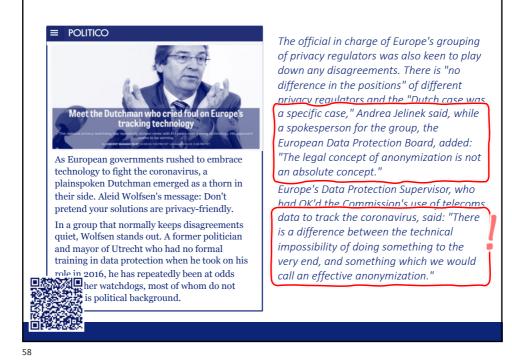














"a dynamic IP address registered by an online media services provider when a person accesses a website that the provider makes accessible to the public constitutes personal data within the meaning of that provision, in relation to that provider, where the latter has the legal means which enable it to identify the data subject with additional data which the internet service provider has about that person" CJEU 17 June 2021, C-597/19 (Mircom) additional subscriber information required to

ISP

website

CIEU 19 October 2016 C-582/14

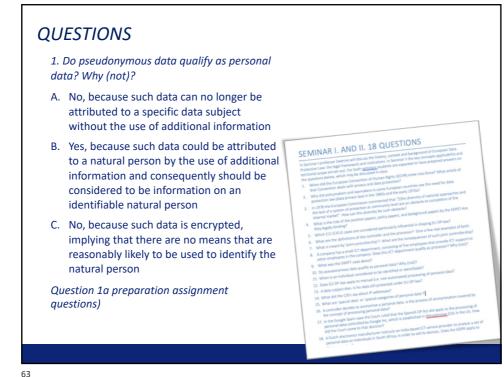
(Breyer)

identify the internet user

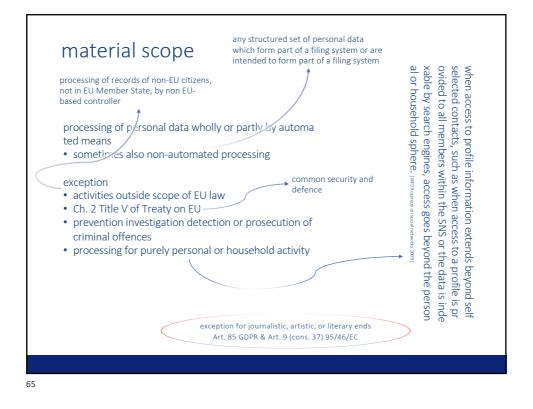
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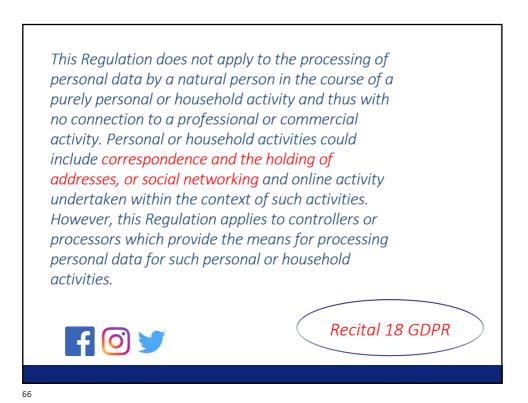
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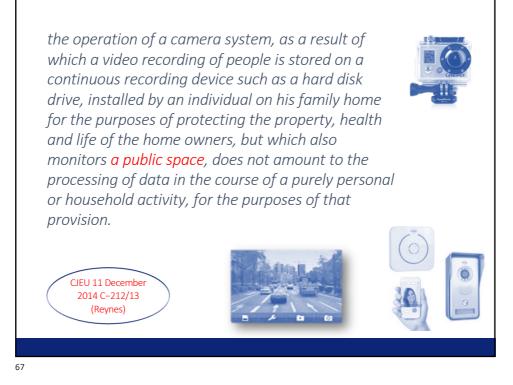
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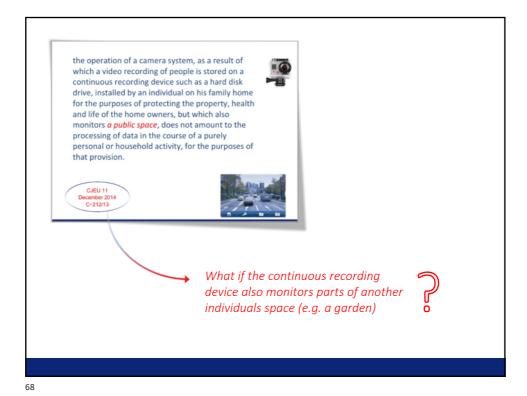


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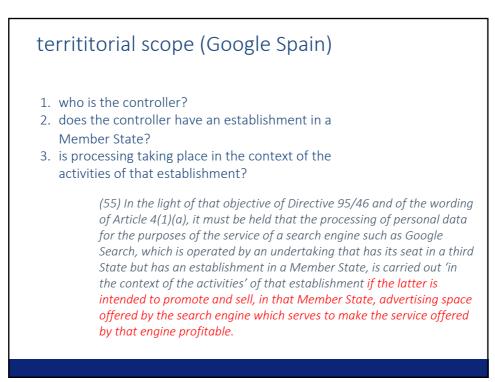












- Koninklijke Philips N.V., a Dutch multinational tech company headquartered in Amsterdam (NL), intends to sell MRI-scanners and LED-lights in China. For that purpose Philips requests the data science department of the University of Mumbay (India) to analyse personal data of board members of Chinese health clinics.
- Cambridge Analytica Ltd based in London (UK) processed personal data of US citizens.
- As of 1<sup>st</sup> of January 2020, the successor of Cambridge Analytica processes personal data of Dutch citizens, living in Canada.
- An internet advertising network uses cookies to obtain data from internet-users, inter alia in the Netherlands

Is the GDPR applicable? Why (not)..?

